

# ADW300 Wireless Metering Meter

Installation and Use Manual V1. 2

# **Declaration**

The copyright is the property of Acrel. Any information in any paragraph or section cannot be extracted, copied or otherwise reproduced or propagated. Otherwise offenders shall take all consequences.

All rights are reserved.

Acrel reserves the right to modify the product specifications herein without notification. Please consult the local agent about the latest specifications before placing a purchase order.

## **Contents**

Declaration	1
1 Overview	4
2 Product model and specification	4
2.1 Naming Rules	4
2.2 Functional Characteristics	4
3 Technical parameter	5
3.1 Electrical performance	5
3.2 Work environment	6
3.3 Technical Parameters	6
4 Dimension and installing description	7
4.1 Dimension (Unit: mm)	7
4.2 Interfaces of Auxiliary power supply, Communication and Pulse	8
4.3 Interfaces of DI and DO	9
4.4 Interfaces of Temperature and Aftercurrent	. 10
4.5 Instruction of wiring	. 10
4.5.1 ADW300	. 10
4.5.2 ADW300W	. 12
5 Main functions and features	. 12
5.1 Measurement	. 12
5.2 Metering	. 13
5.3 Tiered pricing	. 13
5.4 Demand	. 13
5.5 Historical data	. 13
5.6 Digital input/ output	. 13
5.7 Wireless Communication Function	. 14
6 Communication description	. 14
6.1 Protocol	. 14
6.2 MODBUS	. 14
6.3 Settings of Alarm	. 20
6.4 Historical Data Memory	. 23

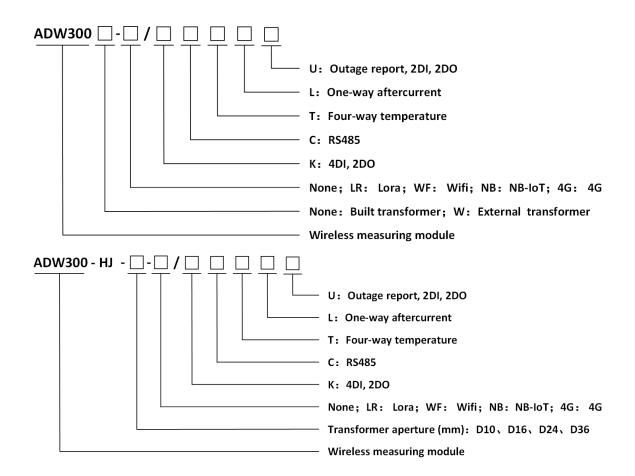
6.5 Record of extreme value and occurrence time	24
7 Common troubleshooting	
7.1 RS485 networking communication failure	27
7.2 Wireless communication failure of instrumentation	27

#### 1 Overview

ADW300 Wireless Metering Meter is mainly used to metering three phase active energy on low voltage network. The product boasts of advantages including compact size, high precision, rich features. According to different requirements, there are many communications functions like RS485 communication, WIFI, NB, 4G, adding the new current sampling mode using external transformer. It can be flexibly installed in the distribution box to achieve sub-item electric energy metering, operation and maintenance supervision or power monitoring requirements for different regions and different loads.

### 2 Product model and specification

#### 2.1 Naming Rules



#### 2.2 Functional Characteristics

Chart 1 Functions of ADW300

Functions	Description
Display mode	LCD
Energy metering	Active kWh (positive and negative), quadrant reactive

	power energy				
Electrical measurement	U. I. P. Q. S. PF. F				
Harmonic function	THDv、Harmonic on 2nd-31st				
Pulse output	Active pulse output				
Three-phase unbalance degree	Voltage unbalance,current unbalance				
Temperature measurement	Temperature of A/B/C/N(Alternate configuration:T)				
DI/DO	4DI,2DO (Alternate configuration:K)				
Aftercurrent	One-way aftercurrent (Alternate configuration:L)				
LED display	Pulse LED display				
External current transformer	External open type current transformer				
External current transformer	(Alternate configuration:W)				
Electrical parameter	Undervoltage, undercurrent, overcurrent, underload,				
Electrical parameter	etc				
	Infrared communication				
	RS485 (Alternate configuration:C)				
	Wireless transmission on 470MHz				
Communication	(Alternate configuration:LR)				
	WIF (Alternate configuration:WF)				
	NB-IOT(Alternate configuration:NB)				
	4G (Alternate configuration:4G)				

## 3 Technical parameter

## 3.1 Electrical performance

Chart 2 Electrical performance of ADW300

	Rated voltage	3×57.7/100V, 3×220/380V, 3×380/660V, 3×100V, 3×380V, 3 ×660V				
Voltage input	Reference	50Hz				
	frequency	JUNZ				
	Consumption	<0.5VA(Each phase)				
	Input current	3×1(6)A; 3×1(6)A (ADW300W), 3×20(100)A (ADW300W)				
Current input	Start current	1% Ib(Class 0.5S), 4% Ib(Class 1)				
	Consumption	<1VA(Each phase)				
Auxiliary power	Power Supply	AC 85~265V				
Tammary power	Power consumption	<2W				
Measurement	Standard	IEC 62053-22:2003, IEC 62053-21:2003				
performance	Active energy	Class 0.5S (ADW300) , Class 1 (ADW300W)				

	accuracy					
	Temperature	+2°C				
	accuracy	_2 0				
Pulse	Width of pulse	80±20ms				
Tuise	Pulse constant	6400imp/kWh, 400imp/kWh				
	Wireless	Transmission on 470MHz and maximum distance in open space is 1km;				
	Wireless	2G; NB; 4G				
	Infrared	The constant baud rate is 1200				
Communication	communication	The constant band rate is 1200				
	Interface	RS485(A、B)				
	Connection mode	Shielded twisted pair conductors				
	Protocol	MODBUS-RTU				

## 3.2 Work environment

#### Chart 3 Work environment

Temperature range	Operating temperature	-20°C~55°C
Temperature range	Storage temperature	-40°C~70°C
	≤95% (No condensation)	
Altitude		<2000m

### 3.3 Technical Parameters

Parameter name	ADW300-4G	ADW300-NB
Working frequency	LTE-FDD:B1/B3/B5/B7/B8/B20/B28 LTE-TDD:B38/B40/B41 GSM:2/3/5/8	B1 @H-FDD:2100MHz B3 @H-FDD:1800MHz B8 @H-FDD:900MHz B5 @H-FDD:850MHz B20 @H-FDD:800MHz B28 @H-FDD:700MHz
Transmission rate	LTE-FDD:  Maximum downlink rate 10Mbps  Maximum uplink rate 5Mbps  LTE-TDD:  Maximum downlink rate 8.96Mbps  Maximum uplink rate 3.1Mbps  LTE-FDD:  Maximum downlink rate 85.6kbps  Maximum uplink rate 85.6kbps	Single Tone: Downlink rate 25.2kbps uplink rate 15.625kbps Multi Tone: Downlink rate 25.2kbps uplink rate 54kbps
output power	Class 3(23 dBm±2 dB),LTE-FDDfrequency Class 3(23 dBm±2 dB),LTE-TDDfrequency Class 4(33 dBm±2 dB),EGSM900frequency Class 1(30 dBm±2 dB),DCS1800frequency	23dBm ±2 dB

## 4 Dimension and installing description

## 4.1 Dimension (Unit: mm)

## (1) Dimensionsof ADW300

Chart 4 Dimension of Residual Current transformer

Specifications	Current Rating	Inside diameters Φ mm	Outside diameters Φ mm	Weight
AKH-0.66L45	16∼100A	45	76	0.18
AKH-0.66L80	100∼250A	80	120	0.42
AKH-0.66L100	250~400A	100	140	0.50
AKH-0.66L150	400~800A	150	190	1.32
AKH-0.66L200	800~1500A	200	240	1.94

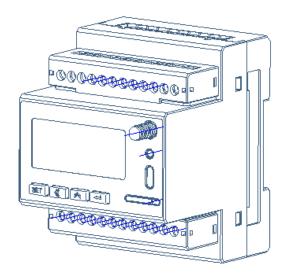


Figure 1 Rendering of ADW300

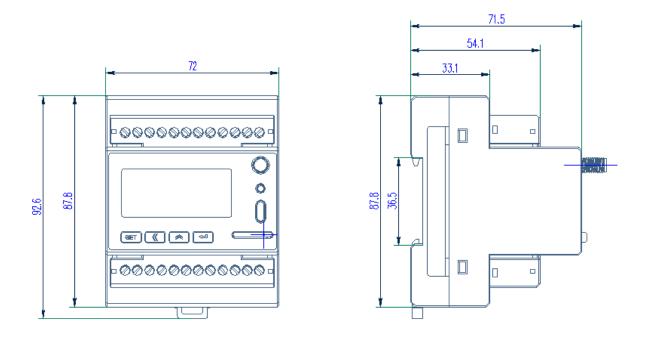


Figure 2 Dimension of ADW300

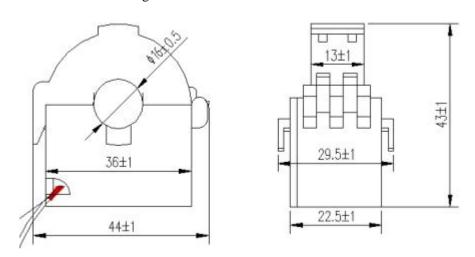
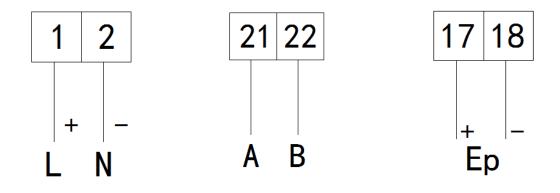


Figure 3 Dimension of transformer HCT16K-FJ

## 4.2 Interfaces of Auxiliary power supply, Communication and Pulse

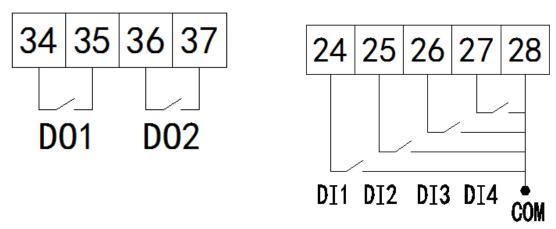


Auxiliary power supply InterfaceCommunication InterfacePulse Interface

#### 4.3 Interfaces of DI and DO

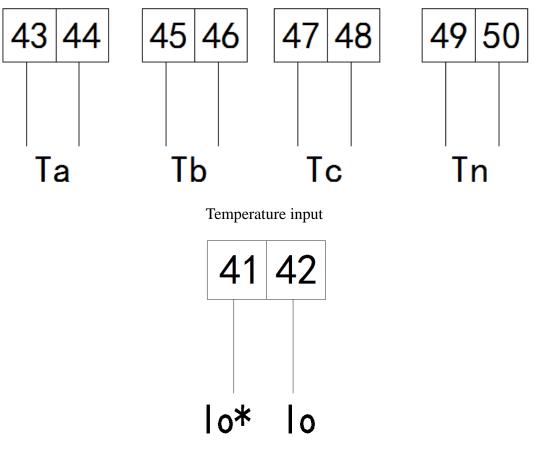
The digital output is realized by relay for remote control and alarm output.

The digital input is realized by digital signal input. The meter has a built-in +12V working power supply so that it does not require external power supply. The meter collects the external break-make information with digital input module and displays it locally. The digital input not only collects and displays the local break-time information but also provides the remote transmission, i.e. remote communication, with RS485.



Digital outputDigital input

#### **4.4 Interfaces of Temperature and Aftercurrent**

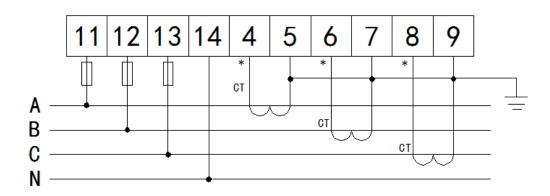


Aftercurrent input

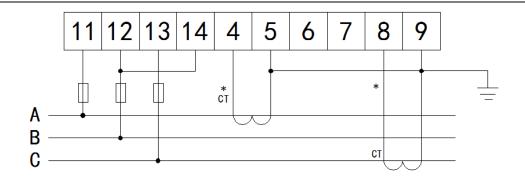
#### 4.5 Instruction of wiring

There are four modes of connection like 3-phase 4-wire (current connected via CT), 3-phase 3-wire (current connected via CT), 3-phase 4-wire (current connected via PT and CT) and 3-phase -wire (current connected via PT and CT).

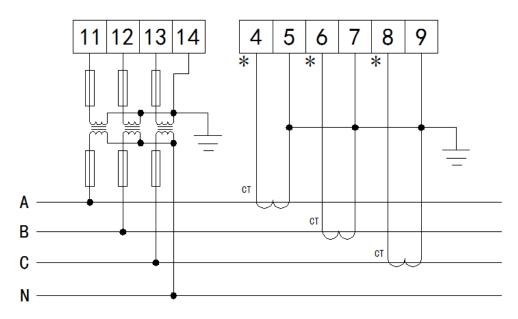
#### 4.5.1 ADW300



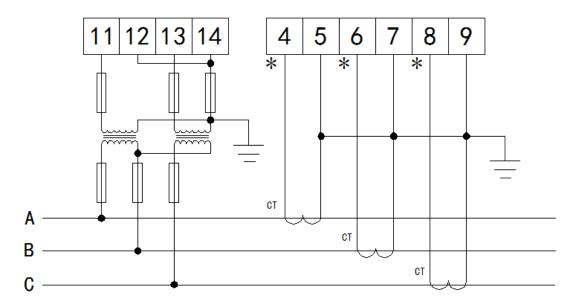
3-phase 4-wire (current connected via CT)



3-phase 3-wire (current connected via CT)

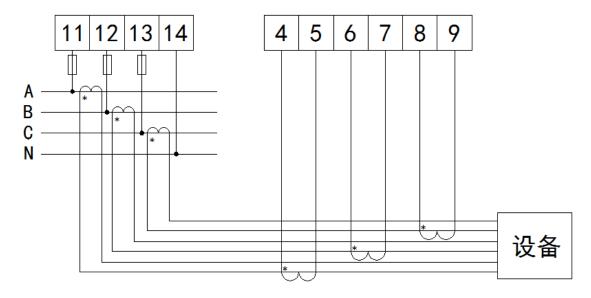


3-phase 4-wire (current connected via PT and CT)

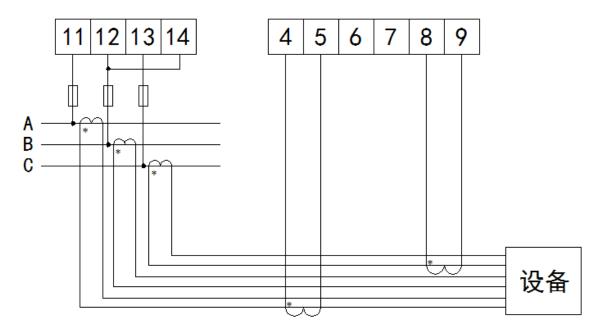


3-phase 3-wire (current connected via PT and CT)

#### 4.5.2 ADW300W



3-phase 4-wire



3-phase 3-wire

## **5 Main functions and features**

#### 5.1 Measurement

Measure all electrical parameters, including voltage U, current I, active power P, reactive power Q, apparent power S, power factor PF, Voltage imbalance, Current imbalance, frequency, 31st harmonic content and total harmonic content. The measured voltage U keeps one decimal place, the measured frequency F keeps two decimal places,

the measured current I keeps three decimal places and the measured power P keeps four decimal places. Voltage imbalance and Current imbalance keeps four decimal places.

Example: U = 220.1V, f = 49.98HZ, I = 1.999A, P = 0.2199KW,  $\triangle = 0.00\%$ 

Supporting4-way temperature measurement, range:  $-40 \sim 99 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ , accuracy:  $\pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Supporting aftercurrent measurement, The initial range:  $0\sim1000$ mA, Range multiples can be set  $(1\sim60)$ 

#### **5.2 Metering**

It can measure the current combined active power, positive active power, reverse active power, inductive reactive power, capacitive reactive power, as seen in the electric power.

#### **5.3 Tiered pricing**

Two sets of time tables, a year can be divided into four time zones, each set of time table can set 12 days, four rates (F1, F2, F3, F4 namely Sharp,peak,flat and valley).

#### 5.4 Demand

#### Demand-related concepts are listed as follows:

Demand	Average power measured during the demand period
Max. demand	Maximum amount of demand during a specified period of time
Sliding window time	A recurrence method to measure the demand from any time point during a period shorter than the demand period. The demand measured by this means is called sliding demand. The recurrence time is sliding window time.
Demand period	Time interval when the same average power is measured continuously, also known as window time

Measure eight maximum demands, i.e. A/B/C three-phase current ,positive active, negative active, inductive reactive , capacitive reactive and apparent power demands and the time of maximum demand.

#### 5.5 Historical data

Record the historical data on electricity consumption covering previous 12 months (including four quadrant and multi-rate tariff).

#### 5.6 Digital input/ output

There are two-way Digital output and four-way Digital input. The Digital output is realized by relay for remote control and alarm output. The Digital input not only collects and displays the local break-time information but also provides the remote transmission, i.e.

remote communication, with RS485.

#### **5.7 Wireless Communication Function**

The ADW300 supports LORA, WIFI, NB, and 4G communications. Specific agreements on WIFI, NB and 4G communications can be obtained by contacting relevant personnel of our company.

## **6 Communication description**

#### 6.1 Protocol

The meters adapt Modbus protocol. Please refer to the relevant standards for more information.

#### **6.2 MODBUS**

MODBUS-RTU protocol has 03H and 10H command to read and write registers respectively. The following chart is registers' address list:

Start Address (Hexadecimal)	Start Address (Decimal)	Variable	Length	R/W	Notes
0000Н	0	Address	2	R/W	1~247
0001H	1	Baud rate	2	R/W	1: 1200bps 2: 3400bps 3: 4800bps 4: 9600bps
0002H	2	Spreading factor	2	R/W	6~12
0003Н	3	Frequency channel setting	2	R/W	0-45 (Communication with the same frequency host)
0004Н	4	High byte: parity mode, low byte: stop Bit	2	R/W	High byte: 0-none, 1-even, 2-odd; low byte: 0- 1 stop Bit, 1- 2 stop Bit
0005H	5	Reserved			
0006Н	6		Pulse	constan	t
0007H	7		Backli	ght Tim	e
H8000	8	Code			
0009H~000CH	9-12	Reserved			
000DH	13	Current specification			
000EH	14	PT			
000FH	15	CT			
0010H	16	Temperature of N phase	2	R	Int

					unit 0.1°C
0011H~0013H	17-19	Time, date (see	cond, min	ute, hou	r, day, month, year)
0014H	20	Voltage of A phase	2	R	
0015H	21	Voltage of B phase	2	R	Int
0016Н	22	Voltage of C phase	2	R	Keep 1 decimal places (The real value is the showed
0017H	23	Voltage between A-B	2	R	value divide 10.The following
0018H	24	Voltage between B-C	2	R	data all in this rule.)
0019H	25	Voltage between C-A	2	R	
001AH	26	Electricity of A phase	2	R	
001BH	27	Electricity of B phase	2	R	Int unit A
001CH	28	Electricity of C phase	2	R	Keep 2 decimal places
001DH	29	Vector sum of 3-phase current	2	R	
001EH	30	Active power of A phase	4	R	
0020H	32	Active power of B phase	4	R	Int
0022Н	34	Active power of C phase	4	R	unit kW  Keep 3 decimal places
0024H	36	Total active power	4	R	Recp 3 decimal places
0026Н	38	Reactive power of A phase	4	R	
0028H	40	Reactive power of B phase	4	R	Int
002AH	42	Reactive power of C phase	4	R	unit kVar Keep 3 decimal places
002CH	44	Total reactive power	4	R	1
002EH	46	Apparent power of A phase	4	R	_
0030H	48	Apparent power of B phase	4	R	Int unit kVA
0032H	50	Apparent power of C phase	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0034H	52	Total apparent power	4	R	Troop o doorman praces
0036Н	54	Power factor of A phase	2	R	
0037H	55	Power factor of B phase	2	R	Int
0038H	56	Power factor of C phase	2	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0039H	57	Total power factor	2	R	
003AH	58	State of DI	2	R	Int Bit0: DI1 Bit1: DI2 Bit2: DI3 Bit3: DI4
003BH	59	Frequency of power	2	R	Int Keep 2 decimal places
003CH	60	Total energy consumption	4	R	Int
003EH	62	Forward active energy	4	R	unit kWh

		aongumention			Voor 2 desired places
		consumption			Keep 2 decimal places
0040H		Reversing active energy	4	R	
	64	consumption			
004211	66	Forward reactive energy	4	D	Int
0042H	66	consumption	4	R	
		Reversing reactive energy			unit kVarh
0044H	68	consumption	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
		Total energy consumption on			
0046H	70		4	R	
		A phase			Int
0048H	72	Forward active energy	4	R	unit kWh
		consumption on A phase			Keep 2 decimal places
004AH	74	Reversing active energy	4	R	Troop 2 document princes
004AII	74	consumption on A phase	4	K	
		Forward reactive energy			
004CH	76	consumption on A phase	4	R	Int
		Reversing reactive energy			unit kVarh
004EH	78	consumption on A phase	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
0050H	80	Total energy consumption on	4	R	
		B phase			Int
0052H	82	Forward active energy	4	R	unit kWh
003211		consumption on B phase	4		
	84	Reversing active energy			Keep 2 decimal places
0054H		consumption on B phase	4	R	
		Forward reactive energy			
0056H	86		4	R	Int
		consumption on B phase			unit kVarh
0058H	88	Reversing reactive energy	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
		consumption on B phase			1
005 A I I	90	Total energy consumption on	4	R	
005AH	90	C phase	4	K	_
		Forward active energy			Int
005CH	92	consumption on C phase	4	R	unit kWh
		Reversing active energy			Keep 2 decimal places
005EH	94		4	R	
		consumption on C phase			
0060H	96	Forward reactive energy	4	R	Int
		consumption on C phase			unit kVarh
0062H	98	Reversing reactive energy	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
0062H	96	consumption on C phase	4	K	Reep 2 decimal places
					Int
0064H	100	Maximum forward active	4	R	unit KW
000411	100	demand in current month	<sup>-</sup>   <sup>K</sup>		Keep 3 decimal places
0066H~0067H	102-103	Occur time	4	R	Minute, hour, day, month
00001~000/H	102-103	Occur ume	4	К	•
		Maximum reversing active			Int
0068H	104	demand in current month	4	R	unit kVar
		month			Keep 3 decimal places

006AH~006BH	106-107	Occur time	4	R	Minute, hour, day, month
006CH	108	Maximum forward reactive demand in current month	4	R	Int unit kVar Keep 3 decimal places
006EH~006FH	110-111	Occur time	4	R	Minute, hour, day, month
0070Н	112	Maximum reversing reactive demand in current month	4	R	Int unit kVar Keep 3 decimal places
0072H~0073H	114-115	Occur time	4	R	Minute, hour, day, month
0074H	116	THDUa	2	R	
0075H	117	THDUb	2	R	Total distortion rate of voltage
0076Н	118	THDUc	2	R	and current on each phase
0077H	119	THDIa	2	R	Int
0078H	120	THDIb	2	R	Keep 2 decimal places
0079H	121	THDIc	2	R	
007AH	122	THUa(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	П
0098H	152	THUa(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	Harmonic voltage on 2nd-31st  Int  Keep 2 decimal places
00B6H	182	THUb(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	Reep 2 decimal places
00D4H	212	THUc(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	Hammonia augment on 2nd 21st
00F2H	242	THIa(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	Harmonic current on 2nd-31st  Int  Keep 2 decimal places
0110H	272	THIb(Harmonic on 2nd-31st)	2×30	R	
012EH	302	Fundamental voltage on A phase	2	R	
012FH	303	Fundamental voltage on B phase	2	R	
0130Н	304	Fundamental voltage on C phase	2	R	Int unit V
0131H	305	Harmonic voltage on A phase	2	R	Keep 1 decimal places
0132H	306	Harmonic voltage on B phase	2	R	
0133H	307	Harmonic voltage on C phase	2	R	
0134H	308	Fundamental current on A phase	2	R	Int
0135H	309	Fundamental current on B phase	2	R	unit A Keep 2 decimal places
0136H	310	Fundamental current on C	2	R	

		phase			
0137H	311	Harmonic current on A phase	2	R	
0138H	312	Harmonic current on B phase	2	R	
0139Н	313	Harmonic current on C phase	2	R	
013AH	314	Fundamental active power on A phase	4	R	
013CH	316	Fundamental active power on B phase	4	R	Int unit kW
013EH	318	Fundamental active power on C phase	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0140H	320	Fundamental active power	4	R	
0142H	322	Fundamental reactive power on A phase	4	R	
0144Н	324	Fundamental reactive power on B phase	4	R	Int unit kVar
0146Н	326	Fundamental reactive power on C phase	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0148H	328	Fundamental reactive power	4	R	
014AH	330	Harmonic active power on A phase	4	R	
014CH	332	Harmonic active power on B phase	4	R	Int unit kW
014EH	334	Harmonic active power on C phase	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0150H	336	Harmonic active power	4	R	
0152H	338	Harmonic reactive power on A phase	4	R	
0154Н	340	Harmonic reactive power on B phase	4	R	Int unit kVar
0156Н	342	Harmonic reactive power on C phase	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
0158H	344	Harmonic reactive power	4	R	
015AH	346	Current forward active demand	4	R	Int unit kW
015CH	348	Current reversing active demand	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places
015EH	350	Current forward reactive demand	4	R	Int unit kVar
0160Н	352	Current reversing reactive demand	4	R	Keep 3 decimal places

0162H	354	Voltage imbalance	2	R	Int
0163H	355	Current imbalance	2	R	unit 0.01%
0164H	356	Temperature on A phase	2	R	<b>T</b> .
0165H	357	Temperature on B phase	2	R	Int
0166H	358	Temperature on C phase	2	R	unit 0.1°C
0167H	359	Time zone number/Time zone date: day	2	R/W	
0168H	360	Time zone date: month/Time zone number	2	R/W	
0169H	361	Time zone date: day/ Time zone date: month	2	R/W	T' 1' .
016AH	362	Time zone number/Time zone date: day	2	R/W	Time list
016BH	363	Time zone date: month/Time zone number	2	R/W	
016CH	364	Time zone date: day/ Time zone date: month	2	R/W	
016DH 	365-385	1-14 period of time Parameters setting	2	R/W	1# time list
0181H		information		1	
0182H	206.406	1-14 period of time	2	D/W/	2// 1: 4
	386-406	Parameters setting information	2	R/W	2# time list
0196H		Current total spike active			
0197H	407	energy	4	R	
0199Н	409	Current total peak active energy	4	R	
019BH	411	Current total flat active energy	4	R	
019DH	413	Current total valley active energy	4	R	
019FH	415	Current total spike forward active energy	4	R	Int unit kWh
01A1H	417	Current total peak forward active energy	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
01A3H	419	Current total flat forward active energy	4	R	
01A5H	421	Current total valley forward active energy	4	R	
01A7H	423	Current total spike reversing active energy	4	R	
01A9H	425	Current total peak reversing active energy	4	R	

01ABH	427	Current total flat reversing active energy	4	R	
01ADH	429	Current total valley reversing active energy	4	R	
01AFH	431	Current total spike forward reactive energy	4	R	
01B1H	433	Current total peak forward reactive energy	4	R	
01B3H	435	Current total flat forward reactive energy	4	R	
01B5H	437	Current total valley forward reactive energy	4	R	Int unit kVarh
01B7H	439	Current total spike reversing reactive energy	4	R	Keep 2 decimal places
01B9H	441	Current total peak reversing reactive energy	4	R	
01BBH	443	Current total flat reversing reactive energy	4	R	
01BDH	445	Current total valley reversing reactive energy	4	R	
01BFH	447	wireless signal strength	2	R	Int
01C1H	449	Aftercurrent	2	R	Int unit A Keep 3 decimal places
01C2H	450	DO1	2	R/W	Int Bit0 effective
01C3H	451	DO2	2	R/W	Int Bit0 effective

## **6.3 Settings of Alarm**

Start Address (Hexadecimal)	Start Address (Decimal)	Variable	Length	R/W	Notes
01DOH	464	Alarm permission bits	2	R/W	Bit0: overvoltage alarmpermission bits Bit1: undervoltagealarmpermission bits Bit2: overcurrentalarmpermission bits Bit3: undercurrentalarmpermission

					bits
					Bit4: overpower
					alarmpermission bits
					Bit5: underpower
					alarmpermission bits
		overvoltage alarm			Int
01D1H	465	threshold	2	R/W	unit 0.1V
010011	100	overvoltage alarm		D. ATT	Int
01D2H	466	time-delay	2	R/W	unit 0.01S
01D3H	467	undervoltage alarm	2	R/W	Int
UIDSH	467	threshold	2	K/W	unit 0.1V
01D4H	468	undervoltagealarm	2	R/W	Int
01D411	408	time-delay	2	IX/ VV	unit 0.01S
01D5H	469	overcurrent alarm	2	R/W	Int
01D311	407	threshold	2	IC/ VV	unit 0.01A
01D6H	470	Overcurrentalarm	2	R/W	Int
012011	.,,	time-delay	_	10 //	unit 0.01S
01D7H	471	undercurrent alarm	2	R/W	Int
		threshold			unit 0.01A
01D8H	472	undercurrent alarm	2	R/W	Int
		time-delay			unit 0.01S
01D9H	473	overpower alarm	2	R/W	Int
		threshold			unit 0.001kw
01DAH	474	overpower alarm	2	R/W	Int
		time-delay			unit 0.01S
01DBH	475	underpower alarm	2	R/W	Int
		threshold			unit 0.001kw
01DCH	476	underpower alarm	2	R/W	Int
		time-delay			unit 0.01S
01DDH	477	DI1 Original state	2	R/W	0:Normal Open
					1:Normal Close 0:Not associated toDO
01DEH	170	DI1 Catting	2	D/W	1:Associated to DO1
UIDER	478	DI1 Setting	2	R/W	2:Associated to DO2
					0:Normal Open
01DFH	479	DI2 Original state	2	R/W	1:Normal Close
					0:Not associated toDO
01E0H	480	DI2 Setting	2	R/W	1:Associated to DO1
012011	400	Diz Setting	_	IX/ VV	2:Associated to DO2
					0:Normal Open
01E1H	481	DI3 Original state	2	R/W	1:Normal Close
					0:Not associated toDO
01E2H	482	DI3 Setting	2	R/W	1:Associated to DO1
					2:Associated to DO2

					0:Normal Open
01E3H	483	DI4 Original state	2	R/W	1:Normal Close
					0:Not associated toDO
01E4H	484	DI4 Setting	2	R/W	1:Associated to DO1
					2:Associated to DO2
01E5H	485	DO1Output mode	2	R/W	0:Electrical level
UIESH	463	DOTOutput mode	2	K/ W	1:Purse
					0:DO
					1: Total failure
01Е6Н	486		2	R/W	2: Total failure +DI1+DI2
OILOII	400	DO1 Related content	2	IX/ VV	3:DI1
					4:DI2
					5:DI1+DI2
					0:None
					1:1S
01E7H	487	DO1 Output pulse	2	R/W	2:28
012/11	107	width	_	10 11	3:3S
					4:4S
					5:5S
01E8H	488	DO2Output mode	2	R/W	0:Electrical level
		1			1:Purse
	489	DO2 Related content	2	R/W	0:DO
					1:Total failure
01E9H					2: Total failure +DI1+DI2
					3:DI1
					4:DI2
					5:DI1+DI2
					0:None
	490		2	R/W	1:1S
01EAH		DO2 Output pulse			2:2S
		width			3:3S
					4:4S
					5:58
					Bit0:overvoltages alarm
					Bit1: undervoltagealarm
					Bit2: overcurrentalarm
					Bit3: undercurrent alarm
01EBH	40.1	A1		R	Bit4: overpower alarm
	491	Alarm state	2		Bit5: underpower alarm
					Bit6:DO1 alarm
					Bit7:DO2 alarm
					Bit8:A phaselost current alarm
					Bit9:B phaselost current alarm
					Bit10:C phaselost current alarm

		Bit11:A phaselost voltagealarm
		Bit12:B phaselost voltage
		alarm
		Bit13:C phaselost voltagealarm
		Bit14: phase sequence error
		alarm

## **6.4 Historical Data Memory**

Start address (high byte)	Data type
48-53H	Last 1 month-last 12 months

Start address	Data type
(low byte)	
00H	Record date and time
03H	History total active energy
05H	History total forward active energy
07H	History total reversing active energy
09H	History total forward reactive energy
0BH	History total reversing reactive energy
0DH	Total active energy on A phase
0FH	Total forward active energy on A phase
11H	Total reversing active energy on A phase
13H	Total forward reactive energy on A phase
15H	Total reversing reactive energy on A phase
17H	Total active energy on B phase
19H	Total forward active energy on B phase
1BH	Total reversing active energy on B phase
1DH	Total forward reactive energy on B phase
1FH	Total reversing reactive energy on B phase
21H	Total active energy on C phase
23H	Total forward active energy on C phase
25H	Total reversing active energy on C phase
27H	Total forward reactive energy on C phase
29H	Total reversing reactive energy on C phase
2BH	Current spike electric energy
2DH	Current peak electric energy
2FH	Current flat electric energy
31H	Current valley electric energy
33H	Current forward active spike electric energy
35H	Current forward active peak electric energy
37H	Current forward active flat electric energy
39H	Current forward active valley electric energy
3ВН	Current reversing active spike electric energy

3DH	Current reversing Active peak electric energy
3FH	Current reversing active flat electric energy
41H	Current reversing Active valley electric energy
43H	Current forward reactive spike electric energy
45H	Current forward reactive spike electric energy
47H	Current forward reactive flat electric energy
49H	Current forward reactive valley electric energy
4BH	Current reversing reactive spike electric energy
4DH	Current reversing reactive peak electric energy
4FH	Current reversing reactive flat electric energy
51H	Current reversing reactive valley electric energy

### 6.5 Record of extreme value and occurrence time

## 1) Maximum records:

Starting address of interval (high byte)	Type of historical data
04	Extremum of the month and Occurrence time
05	Extremum of last 1 month and Occurrence time
06	Extremum of last 2 month and Occurrence time
07	Extremum of last 3 month and Occurrence time

Offset address of	Data type
interval (low byte)	
00	Voltage of A phase maximum value
00	and occurrence time
03	Voltage of B phase maximum value
03	and occurrence time
06	Voltage of C phase maximum value
00	and occurrence time
09	Voltage between A-B maximum value
09	and occurrence time
0C	Voltage between A-B maximum value
	and occurrence time
0F	Voltage between A-B maximum value
OI*	and occurrence time
12	Electricity of A phase maximum value
12	and occurrence time
15	Electricity of B phase maximum value
13	and occurrence time
18	Electricity of C phase maximum value
10	and occurrence time
1B	Three phase current vector sum
10	maximum value and occurrence time
1E	Active power of A phase maximum

	value and occurrence time
22	Active power of B phase maximum value and occurrence time
26	Active power of C phase maximum value and occurrence time
2A	Total active power maximum value and occurrence time
2E	Reactive power of A phase maximum value and occurrence time
32	Reactive power of B phase maximum value and occurrence time
36	Reactive power of C phase maximum value and occurrence time
3A	Total reactive power maximum value and occurrence time
3E	Apparent power of A phase maximum value and occurrence time
42	Apparent power of B phase maximum value and occurrence time
46	Apparent power of C phase maximum value and occurrence time
4A	Total apparent power maximum value and occurrence time

## 2) **Minimum record:**

Starting address of interval (high byte)	Type of historical data
04	Extremum of the month
Ü .	and Occurrence time
05	Extremum of last 1 month
	and Occurrence time
06	Extremum of last 2 month
	and Occurrence time
07	Extremum of last 3 month
<u> </u>	and Occurrence time

Offset address of interval (low byte)	Data type
4E	Voltage of A phase Minimum Value and occurrence time
51	Voltage of B phase Minimum Value and occurrence time
54	Voltage of C phase Minimum Value and occurrence time
57	Voltage between A-B Minimum Value and occurrence time
5A	Voltage between B-C Minimum value and occurrence time
5D	Voltage between C-A Minimum value and occurrence time

60	Electricity of A phase Minimum value
60	and occurrence time
63	Electricity of B phase Minimum value
03	and occurrence time
66	Electricity of C phase Minimum value
00	and occurrence time
69	Three phase current vector sum
0)	Minimum value and occurrence time
6C	Active power of A phase Minimum
00	value and occurrence time
70	Active power of B phase Minimum
70	value and occurrence time
74	Active power of C phase Minimum
74	value and occurrence time
78	Total active power Minimum value and
70	occurrence time
7C	Reactive power of A phase Minimum
7.0	value and occurrence time
80	Reactive power of B phase Minimum
	value and occurrence time
84	Reactive power of C phase Minimum
	value and occurrence time
88	Total reactive power Minimum value
	and occurrence time
8C	Apparent power of A phase Minimum
	value and occurrence time
90	Apparent power of B phase Minimum
	value and occurrence time
94	Apparent power of C phase Minimum
	value and occurrence time
98	Total apparent power Minimum value
,,,	and occurrence time
<u></u>	

Note: The record of every extreme value and occurrence time is 6 bits, and the data configuration can be referred as below:

ADDRH ADDRL	Eventnames	Data type	Note
0400H	Maximum voltage of A phase and	The data of Maximum voltage of A phase	data and decimal place refer to address table 6.2
0401H	occurrence time	Occurrence time of minutes and hours	high byte : minutes

0402H	Occurrence time of Days and months	high byte : Days
-------	------------------------------------	------------------

### 7 Common troubleshooting

#### 7.1 RS485 networking communication failure

Suggestion: Please first confirm whether the RS485 wiring is loose, AB connection reverse and other problems, and then check the table through the button to see if the general selection parameters, such as address, baud rate, check digit, etc., are set correctly.

#### 7.2 Wireless communication failure of instrumentation

Suggestion: Please connect RS485 interface on the meter and USB convert to 485 serial port to read the parameters, and confirm whether the parameters are the same as the upper terminal wireless configuration (channel and spread spectrum factor). If different, please modify the meter's wireless parameters and retest the master terminal after the same, and if the same, it may be the meter and master terminal are in a relative long distance. It is too far to communicate or the scene is seriously disturbed. We can try to use the external antenna at the same time, or consider the newly added wireless master terminals, and then test it.